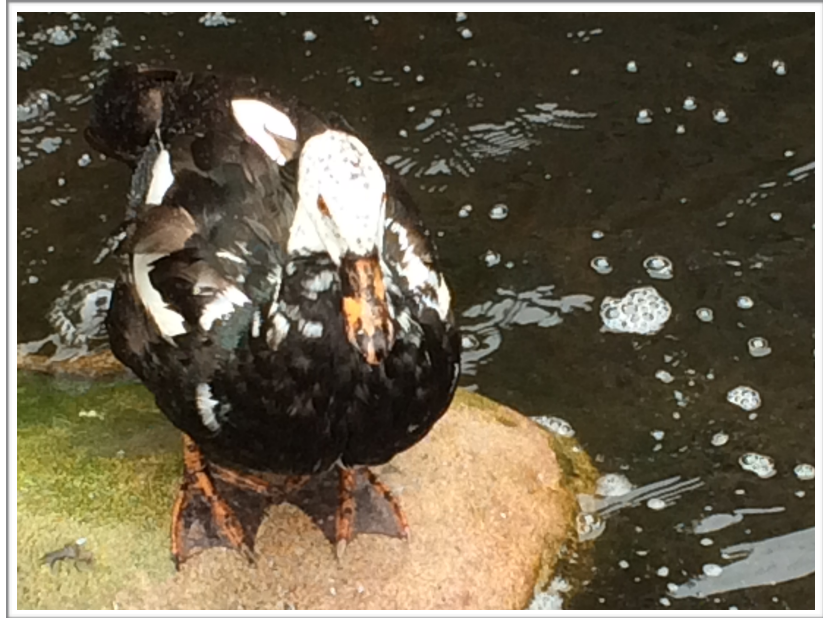
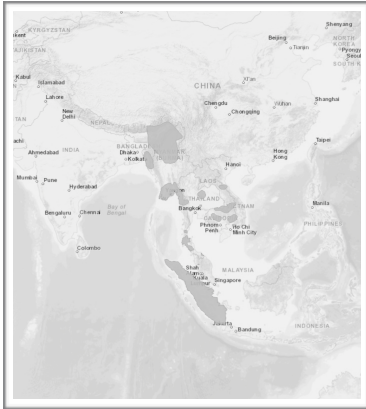


White-winged Duck

Asarcornis scutulata



Range: India and Southeast Asia

Size: ♂ :66–81 cm (26–32 in)

♀ :66–81 cm (26–32 in)

Weight : ♂ : 2.94–3.9 kg (6.5–8.6 lb)

♀ : 1.95–3.05 kg (4.3–6.7 lb)

Wing: ♂ : 116–153 cm (46–60 in)

♀ : 116–153 cm (46–60 in)

Habitat: wetlands

Incubation: 33-35days

Eggs: 6-13

Fledge: 14 weeks

Sexual maturity: 12 months

Nest: tree hallows

Social: pairs

Breeding: monogamous

Movement : sedentary

Food: Aquatic seeds and plants

IUCN: endangered

Subspecies : Monotypic

Longevity: captive: 20 years

Wild: 10 years

Order: Anseriformes Family: Anatidae

This endangered duck is native to Southeast Asia from Sumatra north to eastern India. A secretive bird the White-winged duck is nocturnal, feeding on seeds and aquatic plants in slow moving bodies of water.

Although the population has a wide range it is decreasing and very fragmented. The white-winged duck is extinct in parts of its former range including the island of Java and Malaysia. It is estimated that the current population of adults is less than one thousand individuals. The main threat to the species is habitat loss. The development of hydro-electric power and the destruction of large nesting trees are common factors in

habitat loss.

The screamer is named for its loud vocalization. Air sacs located above the black neck ring act as amplifiers allowing for the vocalization to be among the loudest of all birds. Despite its large size the screamer is a docile bird and uses its call as an alarm. In its home range it has been domesticated and used as a sentry.

